How to Determine if Your Study Requires Full Board, Expedited, or Exempt Review

To determine whether your research project should be reviewed by the full IRB or is eligible for exempt or expedited review, use the following checklist:

NOTE: The SMU Institutional Review Board (IRB) makes the final decision of the review category of your research. If the application is made to an inappropriate category, it will delay the review process, thus delaying the start and completion of your research. Please follow directions carefully.

(1) <u>Full IRB Review</u> . Does your research project:	
receive support from non-university sources that require full IRB approv	val?
involve the likelihood of risk or substantial stress or discomfort to the su	ıbject?
involve personality tests, inventories or questionnaires of a personal an where subjects' identities will not be anonymous to the researcher?	nd sensitive nature
involve sensitive aspects of a subject's behavior that could reasonably risk of criminal or civil liability or be damaging to a subject's final employability?	
involve sensitive aspects of a subject's behavior such as illegal conduct behavior, or use of alcohol?	t, drug use, sexual
involve health care procedures that are not conducted for the primar subject?	ry benefit of the
include diagnostic or therapeutic assessments, interventions, or measstandard, generally acceptable, or common practice?	sures that are not
involve deception or procedures that are not known to the subject (e.g not be fully informed)?	,, the subject will
involve special populations (e.g., children, prisoners, pregnant women who are mentally or psychologically ill, or incompetent)?	en, or individuals
involve greater than minimal (i.e., moderate, high) risk to subjects?	
involve collection of blood samples or other body fluids in any amount?	,

If you checked any of the descriptors in (1) above your research project must be submitted to the full IRB for review and receive full IRB approval before you commence your research. If you checked no descriptors in (1), go to (2) below.

(2)	Expedited Review. Does your research project:
	involve only minimal risk?
	involve recording data from subjects 18 years of age or older using noninvasive procedures routinely employed in clinical practice?
	involve analysis of voice recordings made for research purposes?
	involve moderate exercise by healthy volunteers?
	involve the collection or study of existing data, documents, records or specimens?
	involve research on individual or group behavior, or characteristics of individuals, without manipulation of a subject's behavior and in a manner that does not cause stress to subjects.

If you checked any of the descriptors in (2) above and no descriptors from category (1), your research project meets the criteria for Expedited Review, and must be submitted to and receive approval from your departmental IRB designate before you commence your research. If you checked no descriptors in (1) or (2), go to (3) below.

 <u>kempt Review.</u> If you checked none of the descriptors in 1 or 2 above, your research ble for Exempt Review. Examples of research eligible for Exempt Review include:
 _investigations of commonly accepted educational practices in established or commonly accepted settings.
 _analysis of information from educational tests that will be recorded in such a manner that subjects cannot be identified.
 _surveys or interviews in which responses will be recorded in such a manner that a subject cannot be identified directly or through identifiers linked to a subject.
 _observations of public behavior.
_collection or study of publicly available existing data, documents, records or specimens.
 _collection or study of existing data, documents, records or specimens in which information will be recorded in such a manner that a subject cannot be identified directly or through identifiers linked to a subject.
research or demonstration project conducted by or subject to approval of the U. S. Department of Health and Human Services for the purpose of studying procedures, benefits, changes, and payments of entitlement programs.

OUTCOMES of IRB review include (1) full approval; (2) full approval with minor corrections or clarifications; (3) Reconsideration after the investigator responds to identified concerns; or (4) Disapproval for reasons specified in writing to the investigator.